City of Madison Engineering Division

John Nolen Drive Reconstruction

Project I.D. 5992-11-20 City of Madison, John Nolen Drive Olin Avenue – North Shore Drive)

Transportation Commission April 12, 2023





Project Overview

Reconstruction of John Nolen Drive between North Shore Drive to Olin Avenue including roadway, bridges, multi-use path, and shoreline

Phase One – East Lakeside St to North Shore Dr Phase Two – East Olin Ave to East Lakeside St Future – Broom Street Intersection

Project Goals

- ✓ Increase safety
- ✓ Improve mobility and environment
- ✓ Replace aging infrastructure
- ✓ Improve lake front accessibility
- ✓ Improve stormwater management



Project Overview

Lake Monona Waterfront Design

Challenge & Master Plan



Preliminary & Final Design

Construction (Dependent on Funding)

Community engagement, planning, and design through Spring 2026.

TBD

TBD

What We Heard...





- Increase safety for all
- Replace aging infrastructure
- Increase space between path and road
- Reduce speeds
- Better lighting
- Safer merges for vehicles
- Wider bicycle/pedestrian facilities
- Reduce traffic noise
- More "Green" infrastructure
- Improve water quality
- Improve accessibility to the shoreline

Less "Highway"...



Urban Multimodal Streets



Features	Safety Benefits
Narrower Roadway Lanes & Shoulders	Calm Travel Speeds & Buffer from Pathways **Gray to Green** (20% Reduction in Vehicle Pavement)
Narrower Intersections	Improve Delineation & Shorten Ped/Cyclist Crossing Distance
Expanded Pathways	Path Space for All Speeds (Commuters to Strollers)
Use Curb & Gutter over Beam Guard	Calm Travel Speeds & Less "Highway"
Signal Head per Travel Lane (Traffic Signals)	Increased Driver Awareness (Better Compliance)



Roadway Typical Sections – POLLING

	NOTES	DETAILS	Results:
EXISTING (No Change)	72-ft Roadway Width No Trees in Median	Existing Typical Section 72-ft	Zoom – 1% Padlet: 3 (Yes) 13 (No)
ALT 1	63-ft Roadway Width Wider Median Trees in Median Balance Green Space	Proposed Section Atternative 1 03-1 03-1 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 04	Zoom – 31% Padlet: 5 (Yes) 1 (No)
ALT 2	54-ft Roadway Width Narrower Median No Trees in Median Max Green Space to Park	Proposed Section Atomative 2 54-1 54-1 54-1 54-1 54-1 54-1 54-1 54-1	Zoom – 62% Padlet: 31 (Yes) 0 (No) 6% (Need More Info)

Roadway Typical Sections – Alt 2 (Narrow Median)



Pathway Typical Sections – POLLING

	NOTES	DETAILS	Results:
EXISTING (No Change)	10-ft Width	VARIES 10 VARIES	Zoom – 0% Padlet: 2 (Yes) 11 (No)
ALT 1	14-ft Width	VARIES 14 VARIES	Zoom – 1% Padlet: 1 (Yes) 3 (No)
ALT 2	10-ft & 6-ft Width w/ 2-ft Paved Buffer		Zoom – 39% Padlet: 28 (Yes) 0 (No)
		VARIES 10 2 6 VARIES	(Based on Available Width)
ALT 3	10-ft & 6-ft Width w/ Wider Grass Buffer	VARIES 10 VARIES 6 VARIES	Zoom – 60% Padlet: 21 (Yes) 0 (No) 6% (Need More Info)

Pathway Typical Sections – Alt 2 (Separate w/ Buffer)



Pathway Typical Sections – Alt 3 (Separate Pathways)



Pathway Bridge Sections – POLLING

	NOTES	DETAILS	Results:
EXISTING (No Change)	Narrow Width Attached to Roadway Structure		Zoom – 0% Padlet: 0 (Yes) 7 (No)
ALT 1	Attached to Roadway Structure	2' Buffer Path Varies 14'-18' 2' Buffer 2' Buffer 2' Buffer	Zoom – 7% Padlet: 8 (Yes) 0 (No)
		Concern Sight Restriction of Truss S	Style Bridge
ALT 2	Separated from Roadway Structure	2' Buffer Varies 4' Min	Zoom – 84% Padlet: 27 (Yes) 0 (No)
			9% (Need More Info

Pathway Bridge Sections – Alt 2 (Separate Structures)



Pathway Bridge Sections – Alt 1 (Combined Structure)



Intersections – Right Turns

With a Refuge Island:

The channelization of the right turns allow the right turn lane to be controlled independently of the through lanes and walk signal. **Pedestrians/cyclists are able to cross** on the walk signal without conflict from **right turning vehicles**. Pedestrians/cyclists are able to cross the right turn lane on their own phase.

No right-turn-on-red compliance is better at channelized crossing (a focus of Vision Zero).

A channelized right turn lane can be a raised crossing.

The disadvantages include performing this crossing maneuver in multiple stages and waiting in a limited size island.



Intersections – Right Turns



Without a Refuge Island:

Right turning vehicles have the same signal phase as the walk phase for **pedestrians/cyclists crossing**. This concurrent walk signal and right turn green light increases **conflicts between peds/cyclists and right turning vehicles**. Delays for both peds/cyclists and right turning vehicles increases.

Without channelizing (refuge island), curb radii are large enough to allow for truck turning movements, which creates longer and more exposed ped/cyclist crossings (often experiencing higher operating speeds).

The advantages include performing this crossing maneuver in a single stage and plenty of storage for peds/cyclists is available on the side of the roadway.



Video Capture Examples

North Shore Drive Intersection – POLLING

	NOTES	DETAILS	Results:
ALT 1	Single Crosswalk w/ Islands +0 Sec Delay (JND) +5 Sec Delay (NSD)		Zoom – 3% Padlet: 1 (Yes) 4 (No)
ALT 2	Single "L" Crosswalk w/ Islands +0 Sec Delay (JND) +5 Sec Delay (NSD)		Zoom – 48% Padlet: 4 (Yes) 4 (No)
ALT 3	Dual Crosswalks w/ Islands +10 Sec Delay (JND) +0 Sec Delay (NSD)		Zoom – 25% Padlet: 3 (Yes) 7 (No)
ALT 4 <mark>(A)</mark>	Dual Crosswalks w/o Islands +35 Sec Delay (JND) +80 Sec Delay (NSD)	Introduce Alt 4B **NEW** Single "L" Crosswalk w/o Islands	Zoom – 17% Padlet: 31 (Yes) 2 (No) 7% (Need More Info)

North Shore Drive Intersection – Alt 2 (Single "L" Crossing w/ Islands)



- (4) Single Crossing of John Nolen Drive (Single Stage)

- (7) Improved Median Refuge
- (8) Crossing of North Shore Drive

North Shore Drive Intersection – Alt 4B (Single "L" Crossing w/o Islands)

- (1) Larger Radius for Turning Vehicles (Remove Merge Lane)
- (2) Curbed Island (Channelized Right) Removed
- (3) Narrower Roadway Lanes to Calm Traffic (Reduced Pavement)
- (4) Single Crossing of John Nolen Drive (Single Stage) (Reduced 73-ft)
- (5) Traffic Signal with Head per Lane (Increased Driver Awareness & Compliance)
- (6) Pathway with Access to Brittingham Park (Connections to Bedford St, Bassett St, & Broom St)
- (7) Improved Median Refuge
- (8) Crossing of North Shore Drive

ADDITIONAL OPERATIONAL DELAY PER VEHICLE (SECONDS)

	JND	NSD	
ALT 1		+5	
ALT 2		+5	
ALT 3	+10		
ALT 4A	+35	+80	
	Conventional Si	gnal Timing (*)	
	-5	-10	
ALT 4B	Permissive RT Turn Signal Timing (+)		
	+25	+20	



North Shore Drive Intersection



Broom Street Intersection – POLLING

Conceptual Design for Planning Purposes Only (Not Currently Funded)

	NOTES	DETAILS	Results:
EXISTING (No Change)	Protected-T Intersection		Zoom – 7% Padlet: 2 (Yes) 8 (No)
ALT 1	Conventional-T Intersection Includes Southbound Right Turn Lane +10 Sec Delay (JND) -5 Sec Delay (Broom)		Zoom – 24% Padlet: 1 (Yes) 7 (No)
ALT 2	Conventional-T Intersection Removes Southbound Right Turn Lane +10 Sec Delay (JND) -5 Sec Delay (Broom)		Zoom – 69% Padlet: 26 (Yes) 1 (No) 0% (Need More Info)

Broom Street Intersection – Alt 2 (Conventional-T w/o Right Turn Lane)



Mobility Crossing Options – POLLING

Conceptual Design for Planning Purposes Only (Not Currently Funded)

	DETAILS	Results:
l would use an UNDERPASS (TUNNEL)		Zoom – 49% Padlet: 23 (Yes) 1 (No)
l would use an OVERPASS (BRIDGE)		Zoom – 10% Padlet: 2 (Yes) 9 (No)
I would ONLY use an AT-GRADE (STREET-LEVEL)		Zoom – 33% Padlet: 6 (Yes) 4 (No)
		8% (Need More Info)

Mobility Crossing Options (North Shore – Broom)





- Public Survey Link: <u>https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/JND2023</u>
- Project Website: <u>https://www.cityofmadison.com/JohnNolenDrive</u>
- Contact: JohnNolenDrive@cityofmadison.com

